PAW PAW, MICHIGAN.

# NEWS CONDENSED.

Concise Record of the Week.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

A COMMUNICATION from the Attorney General, stating that his force of employes was too small to supply promptly the voluminous papers called for, and asking for more help, was pers called for, and asking for more help, was presented in the Senate on the Sist uit. Favorable reports were made on bills for the erection of jubile buildings at Chattanooga, Opelousas, and Portland. A petition was presented asking comparation to citizens of Kansas for property destroyed in the Chevenne raid of 1878. Mr. Platt explained the provisions of his bill to organize the Patent Office in separate departments. David J. Brewer was confirmed as Judge of the Eighth Circuit. In the House Mr. Finerty, of Chicago, introduced a resolution thanking Minister Esrgent for the able, faithful, and dignified manner in which he discharged the duties of his office as Minister to Berlin. The Committee on Public Health reported back a resolution directing an investigation as to the adulteration of food and drugs as not within the province of Congress; but it was recommitted, by a vote of 117 to 116. A resolution was offered by Mr. Ni hols, requesting the Sherman committee of the Senate to inquire into the circumstances of the riots at Cincinnati. Bills were introduced to grant tight of way through Indian Territory for the Pacific and Great Erstern Road; to make Galdand, Cal., a port of delivery; to repeal the internal revenue tax on tobacco and the cistillation of apples and peaches; to equalize the taxation of foreign and domestic insurance companies, and to appropriate 460,600 for sufferers by the overflow of the Mississippi. Robert Smalls was sworn in as a member from South Carolina. Mr. Bland, led the debate on the trade-dollar bill, and urged the unlimited coinage of silver.

A BILL for the relief of the Jeannette survivors presented in the Senate on the 31st ult. Favor-A BILL for the relief of the Jeannette survivors

passed the Senate on the 2d inst. A memorial was presented from William Webster, an Amership of a half million acres of land in New Zealand bought from native chiefs before the British took possession. A bill was reported for ascertaining the expense incurred by leake Textitory in suppressing the Bannock and Nez Perce outbreaks. Bills were introduced to regulate the letting of mail contracts in Alaska, and to make gold and silver certificates legal tender. Mr. Coke argued against the education bill. Generals Grant and Beale were tendered the courtesy of the floor. In the House of Representatives, bills were favorably reported for the naturalization of the descendants of allons who served honorably in the army; authorizing the service of processes of Federal courts within the limits of Indian reservations; to provide for the inspection of live stock, hog products, and dressed meats; to forfeit the Marquette and Ontonagon land grant; to prohibit contracts for the labor of Federal prisoners, and to pay Government employes wages withheld in violation of the eight-neur law. The bill to redeem the trade dollars was passed, by 189 to 46, after the ensure of the fourth section, which provided that they should be counted in the compulsecy coinage. The special committee appointed to investigate the charges made by ex-Speaker Keifer against H. V. Boynton reported that they were not sustained by the evidence. ican citizen, asked to be secured in the owner. ported that they were not sustained by the evi-

Tue Senate held its usual debate on the educational bill on the 2d inst. No legislative work worthy of record was accomplished. In the House a memorial from bondholders of the Northern Pacific road was presented, praying to be heard before the Public Lands Committee in regard to the proposed forfeiture. A recess of fifteen minutes was taken to receive Gen. Grant, who leaned on a crutch at the clerk's desk and was introduced to members by Speaker Carbsle. A message from the President was received, seconmending an appropriation of \$100,000 for the protection of levers on the lower Mississeppi.

A JOINT resolution of the Legislature of Iows, asking immediate steps to recover unearned portions of railroad land grants, was presented in the Senate on the 3d inst. by Mr. Wilson. A petition was received from 8,000 citizens of the Western States, asking for a pension of at least \$8 in money for each honorably discharged soldier and sailor of the late war. Favorable reports were made on bills to erect a public building at Sacramento and to authorize the bridging of the Cumberland at Nashville and the Missouri at White Cloud. The Library Committee was instructed to inquire into the expediency of purchasing from the Lewis Library Committee was instructed to inquire into the expediency of purchasing from the Lewis family the sword worn by Washington when he resigned his commission. When the education bill came up, Mr. Fendleton opposed it. Mr. Beck made a political speech, Mr. Williams advocated the measure, and Messrs. Hoar and Harrison outlined amendments which they propose to introduce. The House of Representatives adopted a joint resolution authorizing the loan of flags and bunfing for the fair at Richmond in aid of disabled Confederate veterans. The Secretary of the Interior was authorized to inquire into the massacre of Dr. Marcus Whitmore and others in Oregon in 1847. Forty-six pages of the Indian appropriation bill were disposed of.

A BILL to authorize the appointment of a Interest accrued, not yet paid...... Interest paid by United States..... commission by the President to run and mark the boundary lines between a portion of Indian Territory and Texas was reported to the Senate on the 4th inst. Mr. Logan presented a petition from the Chicago Board of Trade against the further coinage of silver dollars. Mr. Lapham intoduced a bill to authorize the reappointment and retirement of disabled officers honorably discharged from the regular army. Mr. Jonas submitted a joint resolution making an appropriation of \$100,000 for regular army. Mr. Jonas submitted a joint res-olution making an appropriation of \$100,000 for the protection of levees on the lower Mississippi. Speeches on the education bill were made by Messrs. Bavard, Gibson, and Morgan. Mr. But-ler gave notice of an amendment that the money required shall be raised by a direct annual tax on the States. In the House a bill was reported to provide for the adjustment of Congressional land grants within the borders of Kansas. The Indian appropriation bill was passed. An eyen-Initian appropriation bill was passed. An even-ing session was held for the consideration of

# EASTERN.

New York, have made an assignment. Their assets are \$95,000 and their liabilities \$172,003. and Lincoln for Vice President. A negro lad named George Jones was executed at Pittsburgh for the brutal murder of a fellow negro.

Trichiniasis carried off Mrs. Galle and daughter at Loyal Hanna, Pa., and Mr. Galle and another daughter are not expected

Seven Austro-Polanders looking for work were struck by a backing engine at Scranton, Pa. Five were killed, one lost an arm, and one is unhurt. They were dismembered, and heads and limbs scattered over the road for many rods around.

At Northeast, N. Y., Edward House, while firing at a mark, shot his wife dead. Mrs. Johnson, a maniac, murdered her 15-year-old daughter, near Forestport,

# WESTERN.

Orrin A. Carpenter returned to Lincoln, Ill., last week, but his advent caused no excitement.

Cincinnati dispatches of the 3d inst. inform the world that the barrieades about the Court House had been removed: that the 17th Regiment was still guarding the jail, while "the gallant 5th" was at Music Hall; and that it had been ascertained that the casunities in the three days' fighting numbered 45 killed and 138 wounded. The feeling of ill-will against the militia was wearing off. A good deal of discussion was going on touch. ing the question as to who gave the first orders to fire on the mob, and the general drift was that Sheriff Hawkins would have to shoulder the responsibility. At Columbus, Gov. Hoadly suggested to the Legislature that it offer a reward for the

arrest of the murderer of Capt. Desmond, and

that an appropriation for the relief of Desmond's mother be made. A bill was also futroduced that citizens may recover from the State damages for property destroyed during

At the close of the year the Western Kansas Stock-raisers' Association, recently in convention at Dodge City, had a membership of ninety-five, who owned 350,000 head of cat-

tle, valued at \$10,000,000. A passenger train on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad jumped the track at Belleville, Ill., throwing the coaches down a twelve-foot enbankment. Both coaches were filled with passengers, twenty-five of whom were injured, some quite seriously. A babe was killed.

#### SOUTHERN.

Frank Elliott, a negre who assaulted a white girl in York County, North Carolina was taken to Rock Hill for examination. The citizens overpowered the Sheriff's posse and lynched the offender. Edwin McCullough, a negro murderer, was hanged by a mob at Dallas, N. C.

Buffalo gnats are killing mules in Western Mississippi. Deer are fleeing to the the high lands of Arkansas to escape the

Capt. W. N. Robinson, Democratic candidate for Congress in the Eighth Alabama District, killed himself at Scottsboro by driving a pen-knife into his breast.

A party of filibusters sailed in schooner from Key West, Fla., for Cuba-Two United States revenue cutters sailed in

The steamer Rebecca Everingham burned to the water's edge in the Chattahoochee River at Fitzgeralds Landing, Ga. Thirteen persons lost their lives, and of the passengers who escaped in their night clothes, many were severely burned. The boat, valued at \$24,000, is a total loss; 307 bales of cotton and other freight were conumed.

Forest fires are doing vast damage among the plantation sand pine trees in the Carolinas. The flames extend over six countis in each State.

#### WASHINGTON.

A recent report by a special agent of the Land Office, that a tract of 720,000 acres of public lands in Colorado had been fenced in by parties without the slightest authority, has attracted the attention of Congress. Commissioner McFariand recommends that fencing public territory be made a penal of-

A 10-year-old boy, who killed farmer by hitting him with a stone, pleaded guilty to manslaughter at Washington, and was sentenced to the Reform School for

The following is the regular monthly statement of the public debt, issued on the 1st inst.:

Interest-bearing debt-

Four and one-half per cents  Four per cents  Three per cents	737,643,950
Refunding certificates	305,400
Total interest-bearing debt	\$1,256,758,000
Matured debt	14,043,915
Legal-tender notes.	346,739,541
Certificates of deposit.	15,475,000
Gold and silver certificates	220,644,561
Fractional currency	6,984,317
Total without interest	\$ 589,843,419
Total debt (principal)	\$1,860,645,334
Total Interest	11,492,685
Total cash in treasury	402,875,210
Debt, less cash in treasury	1,469,262,8 (0
Decrease during March	14,238,324
Decrease of debt since June 30, 1881.	81,828,808
Current liabilities-	
Interest due and unpaid	1,469,339
Debt on which interest has ceased.	14,043,915
Interest thereon	323,078
Gold and silver certificates	220,644,561
certificates of deposit	15,475,000
Casa balance available	150,915,315
Total	402,875,210
Cash in treasury	\$ 402,875,210
Bonds issued to Pacific railway com- panies, interest payable by United States.—	
Principal outstanding	64,628,512

Interest repaid by companies-By cash payments, 5 per cent. net earnings.
Balance of interest paid by United
States. 655,198

Before the Springer committee at Washington, George Bliss testified that his charge as counsel in the star-route cases was \$59,532, of which \$43,442 was for expenses. The House Committee on Post-Roads

adopted a resolution declaring it inexpedient for the Government either to construct a postal telegraph or purchase any existing

# POLITICAL.

Of 100 business men who are Repub-Lyman & Curtis, tov merchants, of licans who were interviewed at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, 90 per cent. favor Blaine for President

> The municipal election in Chicago resulted in the success of the Democratic ticket. A very light vote was polled. The new City Council will stand 21 Democrats to 15 Republicans. Mr. George A. Pillsbury, the Republican and high license candidate for Mayor of Minneapolis, was elected over Ames, Democrat, the present incumbent, by an estimated majority of 3,000. The municipal election in Springfield, Ill., resulted in a triumph for the Republican candidates for Aldermen, who made the canvass on a uniform \$500 saloon license issue. Emil Wallber, Republican, was elected Mayor of Milwaukee, the Democrats carrying all the other offices. Charles H. Parker, high license, was chosen Mayor of Beloit by 233 majority. The Democrats swept Madison, Wis., selecting B. J. Stevens Mayor, and secured most of the officers of Janesville and Watertown. H. D. Davis, People's candidate, was elected Mayor of Eau Claire, and A. J. Webster, Democrat, Mayor of Menasha. The Democrats carried Racine, La Crosse, Chippewa Falls, Oshkosh, Appleton, and Prairie du Chien, and the Republican ticket were triumphant at Waukesha and Portage. At Leavenworth, Kan., the Democratic municipal ticket was elected

by about two to one. Gov. Bourne, Republican, has been re-elected Governor of Rhode Island. The Republicans have IS majority in the Senate

and 82 in the House. The statement is again made upon the authority of Oliver Payne, that his father, Senater-elect from Ohio, will under no circumstances consent to be a candidate for the Presidency.

of California, that he is not and does not wise The Iowa Legislature adjourned sine

die on the 2d inst. The Minnesota State Democratic

Convention will meet at St. Paul May 29. The Ohio Legislature has passed a bill providing for graded saloon licenses. Acording to this measure all retail liquor dealers have to pay a license fee of \$100. For saloons on which the sales are over \$3,000 24 per cent. is to be levied on the surplusage in addition, and when the sales exceed \$11,000 the tax is 5 per cent.

Senator John F. Miller telegraphs the Republican State Committee at San Francisco, declining to be a candidate at the Chi-

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

Two brothers-John and George Stephenson-were executed for murder a Regina, Northwest Territory.

Three persons were executed for murder on Friday, April 4-Henry Rose, at Osceola, Ark.: Joe McGoe, at Cobashatta, La.; and Andy Roland, at Spring Place, Ga.

The failures in the United States for the week were 143. Geo. W. Clay & Co., notion dealers, of Pittsburgh, have suspended payment, with liabilities of \$22,000. C. N. Holst, a private banker at New Holstein, Wis., who offered 8 per cent. for deposits, has reached the end of his rope, owing \$20,000 to working people.

The steamer Daniel Steinman, from Antwerp, carrying a crew of thirty-four men and ninety passengers, was wrecked off Sambro, N S. The captain and five of the crew are the only survivors-118 persons perish-

A premature blast at Port Arthur. on the Canadian Pacific road, killed five men. A cable dispatch from Rome announces that Archbishop Ryan, of St. Louis,

has been appointed to the vacant Archbishopric of Philadelphia, which is considered an important ecclesiastical promotion. The Neptune reached St. John's, N.

F., with the greatest catch of seals on record -41.500-worth \$125,000.

Recent deaths: John J. Cisco, a wellknown New York banker, formerly Assistant Treasurer of the United States; Henry B. Hurlbut, of Cleveland, a prominent railroad man; Hon, Henry C. Land, a leading citizen of Cincinnati; Francois Mignet, French historian; James Hamilton, of Bath County, Kentucky, the largest short-horn cattledealer in the world; Editor Danielson, of the Providence (R. I.) Journal; Mrs. Sarah Smith, of Mattoon, Ill., who had used tobacco all her life, aged 100 years; Absalom Watkins, of Chattanooga, Tenn., one of the oldest and best known editors in the South: Mrs. Kate N. Doggett, of Chicago, a prominent advocate of female suffrage, and President of the Woman's Congress for several terms; Augustus Schell, a veteran banker and Democratic politician of New York; Matt H. Finch, a prominent lawyer of Milwaukee; Mrs. Stratton, of New Haven, Ct., mother of the late Tom Thumb; Judge Granger, of Washington, D. C., a brother-in-law of the late Stephen A. Douglas: John Parrott, the pioneer banker of California: Prince Leopold, known as the Duke of Albany, youngest son of Queen Victoria; the wife of Hon. George W. Julian, of Indiana (a daughter of the late Joshua R. Giddings).

The record of failing traders through the United States for the first quarter of 1884, as compiled by Bradstreet's, is very long. The aggregate of annual failures in 1883 was in excess of the total of any preceding year since 1878, when special causes conspired to put an end to the shaky and insolvent concerns. In the first quarter of 1883 the number of business failures was 3.189, or 31 per cent, of the total for that year. The total number of f allures for the first quarter of 1884 being 3,320, this points to a record of over 10,400 business deaths within the current year. The total number of failures in the various geographical divisions having liabilities of \$100,000 and over during the quarter ending March 21 was

durn's the dunited changs waten of was:			
New England. No. 2	Total assets. \$ 175,000	Total liabilities \$ 348,000	
Middle20	1,820,273	4,241,53	
Southern 8 Western 14	2,007,000	3,576,51	
Pacific 3	1,236,215	1,459,80	
Total 47	\$5.010.488	\$10,993.30	

Burned: The machine shops of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, at Memphis, Tenn., \$100,000; a pigeon-house at Melrose, Mass., \$10,000; a Methodist Church at Fergus Falls, Minn., \$10,000; several stores at Steele, Dakota, \$20,000; a hardware store at Grand Rapids, Mich., \$25,000; a schoolhouse at Appleton, Wis., \$10,000; a tannery at Milford, N. H., \$40,000; a paper mill at Niagara Falls, \$40,000; a wool warehouse at Toronto, \$90,000, a block of buildings at Portland, Me., \$25,000; a business block at Medina, N. Y., \$20,000; several stores at Calais, Me., \$20,000; a business block at Sherman, Texas, \$15,000; a hotel and store at Milltown, N. B., \$15,000; a manufactory at Sterling, Ill., \$10,000; a flour mill at Jerseyville, Ill., \$15,000; a railway depot at Rock Hill, N. C., \$40,000; a tile manufactory at Pekin, Ill., \$10,000; a flouring mill at Horseheads, N. Y., \$20,000; the Michigan Saw Works, at East Saginaw, Michigan, \$100,000; a saw mill at Muscatine, Ia., \$50,000; seven business houses and a dwelling at Perrysville, Ind., 20,000.

Many wrecks of small craft have occurred in Chesapeake Bay recently, owing to furious gales.

# FOREIGN.

The London Times, in commenting on the disturbances in Cincinnati, says: "Occurrences like these must give the statesmen of the vast and growing republic food for reflection. One way to lessen the difficulty of preserving order is to secure a decent administration of justice, where the political boss and the criminal lawyer can no longer have things so much their own way."

The Gladstone Cabinet, after a long discussion, decided against establishing a British protectorate over Egypt.

A fire which originated in the printing house of Pardon & Hones, in Lovell's Court, Paternoster Row, London, spread to the famous old Dolly's Chop House; to the house of Paudel, Phillips & Sons, importers of toys and fancy goods, in Newgate street; the large bookbindery of Smith Bros., in Lyr lane, and to the music publishing house of or the Presidency.

B. Williams, in Paternoster Row, all of Judge Field, of the Supreme Court, which were completely destroyed. The loss writes from Washington to ex-Gov. Johnson. Is placed at over \$6,000,000. The favorable

direction of the wind saved St. Paul's Cathedral. The losses are covered by insurance

mounting to £1,250,000. The Parnell branch of the Irish National League has passed a resolution con domning Michael Davitt for inviting Henry

George to lecture at Duplin. The British Government claims to have unearthed a plot by Irish Invincibles to blow up Mountjoy Prison. Letters found in a cell showed that the wardens were to be bribed to place an infernal machine in the prison, and that a noted conspirator was to be thrown over a balcony and killed.

#### LATER NEWS ITEMS.

The tug Peter Smith exploded her boiler off Vermillion, on Lake Erie, killing John Perew and John Cado, engineers, and Capt. Smith, of the schooner Sherman, who was on a pleasure trip.

Five boys, from 9 to 13 years of age, crossing the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Day. ton Railway track, near Cincinnati, in a onehorse wagon, were struck by a train and three of them killed. The other two were so badly injured that their recovery is despaired of.

Michael Davitt has written a letter to Mr. William O'Brien, one of Mr. Parnell's Parliamentary lieutenants, protesting against the nomination for Parliamentary seats of Irish residents of England, whom Mr. Davitt describes as "carpet-baggers" and political adventurers. He claims that men like himself who are trying to keep the National cause "to the front" are being made political scapegoats, and protests against too much political dictation. He asks that the people be given a chance.

Jem Ward, a veteran pugilist, died the other day in London. He retired from the ring in 1830, after which he developed considerable talent in painting and music.

Forest fires have broken out in various sections of North and South Carolina through the attempts of the farmers to clear the planting grounds by burning the "brush." The fires have spread with alarming rapidity. Hundreds of farmhouses and outbuildings have been destroyed. Berkley and Chesterfield Counties have suffered se-

The schooner Shoters, which left Key West a few days ago in a mysterious manner, has returned to that port. The pilot in charge states that when the vessel was clear of the harbor Aquero, a Cuban chief, with drawn pistol, forced him to take a party of fillbusters to the Cuban coast, landthem near Cardenas.

A bloody tragedy was enacted at a prize fight near Hyndman, Pa. Two Hungarian bruisers, Vest and Kilraine, entered the ring and fought fifty-eight rounds, pounding each other to a jelly. During the fifth-eighth Kilraine struck a blow which laid Vest out. There were cries of "Foul! foul!" when the referee and umpires jumped in and drew their guns. A horrible riot followed. The results of the whole affair, collected when it was over, were Vest dead, another man shot dead through the body, three others apparently dead, and half of the rest of the crowd badly used up. Ben Hogan, the exprize-fighter, was present exhorting the crowd to "flee from the wrath to come."

near Cisco, Texas, the baggage car and three coaches tumbling down an embankment. Seven persons were killed and many in-

The farm-house of Carl Schultz, near Tawas, Michigan, was visited by three masked men, who bettered down the front door with a fence-rail. They secured nearly \$3,000 in German gold coin, and brutally assaulted the family. As the latter fied toward a neighbor's the villains fired upon them, killing a son of Mr. Schultz.

BILLS were reported to the Senate, on the 5th inst., for the erection of public buildings at Dayton and Springfield, Ohio. Bills were passed making it a felony to pretend to be an officer or employe of the Government, and to officer or employe of the Government, and to authorize the construction of a railroad bridge across the St. Croix River. After some debate on the education bill, an amendment by Mr. Logan, appropriating \$15,000,000 the first year and \$26,000,000 the third year, was defeated. Another amendment to set aside \$2,000,000 to aid in building school-howses in sparsely populated parts was lost. An amendment was agreed to that the fund should be distributed regardless of race or color. Mr. Hoar then proposed an amendment to commence with \$7,000,000 per annum and give \$15,000,000 the third year. The House of Representatives passed the agri-The House of Representatives passed the agricultural appropriation bill, with an amendment increasing by \$25,000 the appropriation for the distribution of seeds and plants. Amendments by the Senate to the House bill making it a felony to personate a government officer or employe were concurred in. The question of forfeiting the Oregon Central land grant was debated for some time, without action.

#### THE MARKET. NEW YORK.

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DARLEY - No. 2	Ш	Hogs 6.	50	€ 8,00	h
DARLEY - No. 2	1	FLOUR-Western 3.	<b>U</b> ()	@ 5.50	
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DARLEY - No. 2	ı	CORN-No. 2	58	of 59	W
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DARLEY - No. 2	1	PORK-Mess 16.	25	6017-00	ir
DARLEY - No. 2	П	LARD	083	.00	ti
DARLEY - No. 2	41	CHICAGO.	202		te
DARLEY - No. 2	II	BEEVES-Choice to Prime Steers. 6.	50	an 7.00	P
DARLEY - No. 2	Ш	Fair to Good 5,	000	65 6,00	B
DARLEY - No. 2	П	House Common to Medium 6.	00	05 5.59	V
DARLEY - No. 2	П	FLOUR-Fancy White Winter Ex 5.	50	66 5.75	li
DARLEY - No. 2		Good to Choice Spring 4.	50	46 5.25	B
DARLEY - No. 2	Ш	WHEAT-No. 2 Spring	78	.81	li
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#### SWEPT AWAY.

Two Black Clouds Meet Over the Village of Oakville, Ind., and Demolish the Town.

The Cyclone's Awful Work in Ohio, Pennsylvania, Georgia, and Tennessee.

Most people living in the Northwest will recall the fact that Monday, the 2d of April, was one of the darkest days of the year. Dense clouds obscured the sun to such an extent as to render artificial light necessary in nearly all houses. The remark was a common one that it was a good day for cyclones, and so it proved. Many ections of the country were visited by fleroe storms that swept away houses and killed many people. The worst of these elemental outbreaks appears to have directed its fury against the little town of Oakville, Delaware County, Ind correspondent thus describes the ruin wrought by the windy monster: Its path was about half a mile wide and distance ten miles, presenting a scene of ruin and wreck seldom seen. The cloud came from the northwest, and presenting a scene of ruin and wreck seldom seen. The cloud came from the northwest, and was of funnel shape and of a greenish color. The center of its destructive track is Cakville, a small village on the Fort Wayne Cincinnati & Lonisville Road. It is, or was, a place of 125 inhabitants and of forty or lifty buildings, not more than five of which are now standing. Indeed, the entire town, but yesterday busy and presperous, is to-day a mass of confused debris. Houses and all buildings are destroyed beyond repair. The place is absolutely wiped from the face of the earth. Five persons were killed outright, namely: Mrs. Anna Dearmond, a widow, aged about 55 years; Colweil C. Johnson; a mall child belonging to the above; C. Brown's infant about a year old; Susie Himes, aged 16, danghter of a widowed mother. Two others received fatal injuries, Turner Johnson and Jefferson Hoover. The following were wounded: Nancy Myers, 6e years of age, arm broken and badly bruised; John Hoffman, badly bruised; Mrs. Hoffman, wife of the above, severe wounds; Mrs. Brown, seriously hurt about the head; Jeff Miller, hip dislocated; Mrs. Miller, wife of the above, bad body bruises; Fred Coldscott, of Shelbyville, stopping over night, three ribs broken: Widow Himes, cut on the shoulder. L. Shelbyville, stopping over night, three ribs broken; Widow Himes, cut on the shoulder; L. J. Holtzinger, bruised and cut; Lemmie Myers, 13, arm broken.

Brown's little child was found dead about twenty-five yards from the house, while that of C. C. Johnson was whirled through the air a distance of 150 yards, and dropped in a wheat-field, where the body was found two hours after the storm had passed. Miss Himes was also found some distance from her demolished home with almost every particle of clothing stripped from her bedy by the force of the wind. Mrs. Dearmond was found dead under her fallen house. About a dozen others were injured slightly, but those mentioned sustained most scrious wounds and bruises. Among the houses smassed was that of Johnny Sullivan, in which were himself, wife, and six children, the youngest a babe 2 weeks old. Most miraculously none of the family were injured in the least. The babe was found in a bed covered with debris, but unscratched. Brown's little child was found dead about

but unscratched The two clouds met at the house of Louis Cochran, two miles south of Oakville, and en-tirely demolished it in a second's time, and cartirely demoished it in a second's time, and carried the heaviest timbers over a quarter of a mile from the foundation, while some of the planks of the house were found at a distance of two miles and a half. Two bovs riding in a wagon were caught in the wind, the wagon turned over, and the horses ran away. A flying a severe scalp-wound, rendering him unconscious. The other boy was also seriously injured by the wagon turning over on him.

At Luray, a small town two miles east of Oakville, Will Lines, with his family, was seated in the house when the storm struck and completely wrecked it, killing Lines, but the seven other members of the family escaped without harm.

members of the family escaped without harm. Four miles west James Sanders, a merchant from Middletown, wealthy and highly respected. had gone to his farm to instruct his tenant, and while in the house of the latter it was torn to pieces and Sanders killed instantly. In the same vicinity W. F. Painter, while at work on a farm, was caught by the cyclone and lifted high in the air and thrown to the ground and killed About the same hour that Oakville, Ind., and the surrounding country was being devastated,

the surrounding country was being devastated, a destructive tornado, accompanied by rain and hall, was sweeping with great force over the region adjacent to Greenville, Ohio. Many houses were blown down, one or two people killed, a number maimed, and a great deal of valuable farm property damaged. The village of Jaysville, near Greenville, suffered severely, every house in the town being more or less injured, and several persons receiving serious wounds. At Troy and the town being more or less injured, and several persons receiving serious wounds. At Troy and Casstown the destruction was also great, houses in both towns going down before the blast. Whole orchards were destroyed, and in some instances stately trees were carried away a distance of several hundred yards. The loss sustained is very great. At Dublin, a large number of houses and barns were blown down. The Christian church of that place was demolished. At Plain City, a number of large buildings were wrecked and scattered promiscuously. A carriage factory was demolished and the cemetery laid waste.

A cyclone swept through the Monongahela Valley, at Pittsburg, leveling fences, wrenching signs from their fastenings, and demolishing several houses. Five persons received fatal injuries, and many others were more or less seriously weunded, by falling buildings. About the time these tornadoes were doing their awful work in Indiana, Ohio, and Pennsyl-

vania, a series of cyclones were tearing through the Sanny South, leaving death and desolation in their track. A dispatch from Chattanooga, Tenn., reports: Much of the country is miles from a railroad, and only meager details can be learned, but enough is known to characterize it learned, but enough is known to characterize it as the most destructive storm that has prevailed in this country in years. The storm commenced in the neighborhood of Collinsville, Ala., and passed in a northeasterly direction. Sweeping up Wills Valley and then crossing Lookout Mountain, it passed off into North Georgia, and near Tilton left the earth. The width was less than 300 yards, but its force was terrific. The wind seemed to be formed in numberless whirlwinds, each whirling within itself, with a roar winds, each whirling within itself, with a roar like thunder, and it moved over the earth with lightning-like rapidity. Trees were uprocted and whirled hundreds of feet, and the path and whirled hundreds of feet, and the path followed by the storm was cleared as wheat be-fore the scythe. The swath was precise and well defined, and the strip it made is a scene of ruin and desplation. Many people are known to have been killed.

have been killed.

The house of the Hon. Clayton Tatum, of Dade County, Ga., brother of the State Senator, was demolished. He received fatal injuries. His child was instantly killed, and his wife has both legs broken. The house of Jehn Crowley, in the same victuity, was also demolished and the entire family killed. A lady and her daughter at Collinsville, Ala., were killed. It is reported that the cyclone swept along the crest of Sand Mountain, Georgia, before it reached the valley, and every house in its path was whirled like corks upon the sea, and many lives are reported lost. The storm crossed the Alabama Great Southern Raliway near Sulphur Springs. Immense trees were torn up by their roots and thrown across the tracks.

Immense trees were torn up by their roots and thrown across the tracks.

Another arm of the storm passed to the northwest and did great damage in Madison County, Mahama, in the vicinity of Huntsville. The house of Wilham White was swept away and his wife and his mother-in-law, Mrs. Conner, were netantly killed. When it struck the residence of James Glover he was sitting indoors with a little child on each knee. The house was blown over and several timbers struck him in the back.

little child on each knee. The house was blown over and several timbers struck him in the back, causing instant death, but both children escaped unhurt. In another family a little child was caught up by the furious wind and carried several hundred yards,

Storms prevailed the same night at several other points in North Georgia and in East Tennessee. Houses were unroofed, feacing blown down, and general destruction marked its path. The total amount of damage or the entire loss of life will never be assertained, but hundreds of thousands were destroyed and scores met their death. It was the fourth destructive cyclone attended with fatal consequences that has prevailed in that section this year.

railed is that section this year.

A dispatch from Columbia, S. C., reports that he town of Timmonsville, on the Wilmington, columbia & augusta Ballroad, has been completely wrecked by the gale, and that many of he inhabitants are killed and injured.

# CHIPS.

Eveny year some 55,000 reproductions of se Venus of Milo are made in marble plaster, erra cotta, etc., and sold in Europe.

BRECERN says that he considers it a fortu-ate day when he escapes being interviewed y at least half a dozen newspaper report-

A FOND St. Louis mother has sued the wifer of a pond for the loss of one of her ons, who went skating on it before the ice na ripe.

THERE are intimations of a cut in prices mong watering-place botels.

CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE.

The Webster-Parkman Case -- Crows sa

One of the most remarkable case

that ever occurred in the criminal an-

nals was the Parkman murder in Boston, on Nov. 23, 1849. Briefly, on that day, Dr. Parkman, a man of influence and standing in his profession, was traced to the laboratory of Dr. Webster, a professor of chemistry in a prominent institution in Boston. From that day all traces of him were lost, and the excitement regarding him became intense. It would appear that certain pecuniary transactions had taken place between the two men just named, and that Dr. Webster was considerably in Dr. Parkman's debt, and was, moreover, in embarrassed circumstances. On Dr. Webster a laboratory being searched the haunch-bones, the right thigh, and the leg of a human body were found. Associated with these remains were several laboratory towels. bearing Webster's name. In the refuse. and slag of a chemical furnace were found fragments of bones, the skull and spine bones, along with blocks of art:ficial teeth, and a little melted gold. A further search brought to light a tea. chest in which, disposed among tan, was the trunk of a human body, along with the left thigh. These latter parts and the parts previously discovered were found to belong to one and the same body. Pieced together these relics. showed they formed part of a body, of which the head, arms, and hands, both feet, and the right leg, from the kneeto the ankle, were mi sing, but which at the same time corresponded with the frame of the missing man in every particular. Dr. Parkman at the time of his. disappearance was 60 years of age. The examination of the skeleton pointed toits being the remains of a man about. the age referred to. Dr. Parkman's height was 5 feet 11 inches, and the skeleton, pieced out and proportionately measured, was found to indicatea height of 5 feet 10+ inches. In these points, therefore, the identity of the remains seemed to be clearly shown. But there were special points in Dr. Parkman's case which served to place the identification well-nigh beyond a. doubt. It was quite evident that an attempt to destroy the head by fire had not only been made but had well nigh succeeded. The evidence of Dr. Keep, the missing man's dentist, came to the rescue in a most remarkable fashion, after an examination of the remains of the artificial teeth which had escaped the action of Dr. Webster's furnace. Keep's evidence was that, four years. before the disappearance of Dr. rarkman, he fitted artificial teeth in blocks for that gentleman, in both upper and lower jaws. The dentist could alsospeak with certainty to seeing these teeth in Dr. Parkman's mouth about a fortnight before his disappearance, when he had fitted the teeth with a new spring. The artificial teeth rescued. from Dr. Webster's furnace were sworn to by Keep as those he had made for Dr. Parkman, from their fitting the molds in which the teeth of the latter had been made and the peculiarity of make. The left side of the lower raw of Dr. Parkman exhibited a certain irregularity, which was recognized by Keep in the form of the gold plates recovered from the rurnace of Dr. Webster. Other circumstances combined to weave the evidence strongly around the latter as the perpetrator of a heinous crime. That the remains had not been used for anatomical purposes was abundantly proven by medical evidence; and tat murder had been committed was evident from an examination of the chest, which revenled a wound on the left side. Dr. Webster was duly convicted by a chain of circumstantial evidence of the mostcomplete kind, and was executed, showing that the refinements and appliances of science may fail in the attempt todestroy a body or so mutilate it as to prevent identification. Another evidence of the singular dis-

covery of a crime is recorded in the work of a well-known author, published in Germany in 1566. It is to the effectthat a German traveler fell among thieves, who robbed and murdered him. As they were about to cut his throat in the last moment he espied a flock of crows, and exclaimed: 'O, crows, I takeyou for my witnesses and avengers of my death.' About two or three days after these thieves were carousing at an inn, when some crows lighted on top of the house. At this the robbers began to laugh, and one of them said jeeringly, 'Look! yonder are they who are to avenge his death whom we lately slew!' The tapster happened to overhear this, repeated it to his master, who forthwith informed a magistrate. The murderers were apprehended, and, upon their disagreeing stories and contrary answers, were driven at last into a confession, and received their just punishment. This case shows how little incidents sometimes betray guilt. It is painfully evident, however, that the old saying that "murder will out" under any and all circumstances does not hold good in almost numberless cases, not less than half a dozen of which have occurred within a few years past in thevery heart of this great city. Some of these cases are of such recent occurrence as to be readily called to mind. while others which occurred some years ago are entirely unknown to the present generation of Chicago people. -Chicago Herald.

# Yankee Gumption.

A Bangor trader ordered a ton of coal, which he put in the second floor of his store. The coal was dumped. before the building, and the merchantwent into the loft and put up a target. Going outdoors, where there werefifteen or twenty countrymen loafing. he said: "Boys, come and have some fun throwing coal at that target." The crowd became interested, and fired away at the mark until all the coal was in the building. What did the mer-chant do? Give the crowd ice cream? Oh no; but he brought water to wash their hands .- Bangor Commercial.

THERE is nothing by which I have through life more profited than by the just observations, the good opinions, and sincere and gentle encouragement of ameable and sensible women. — Sir &